

## AQUA-LIT

# State of play of non-organic litter from the aquaculture

### sector

Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ), Matthias Sandra Berlin 9 October 2019

Preventive measures for averting the discarding of litter in the marine environment from the aquaculture industry















More specifically, **AQUA-LIT was born out of a desire for action on two major factors:** the staggering rapid increase of **marine litter in the Ocean**, and **the boost of the aquaculture** sector both at an EU level and worldwide. With the exponential expansion of the aquaculture sector we don't want an increase of marine debris.



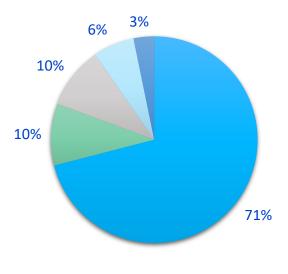


## General items Used by multiple offshore sectors



Total: 31

- Plastic: 22
- Wood: 3
- Metal: 3
- Textile: 2
- Rubber: 1



■ Plastic ■ Wood ■ Metal ■ Textile ■ Rubber



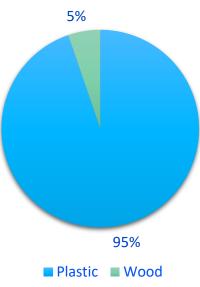
# Specific items

Uniquely linked to aquaculture activities



#### Total: 19

- Plastic: 18
- Wood: 1





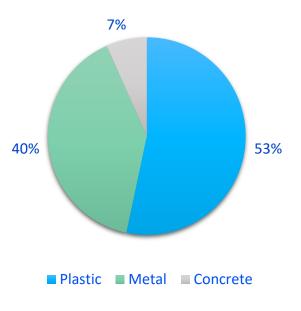
# Other potential items

Aquaculture items that are not reported in literature or databases



#### Total: 15

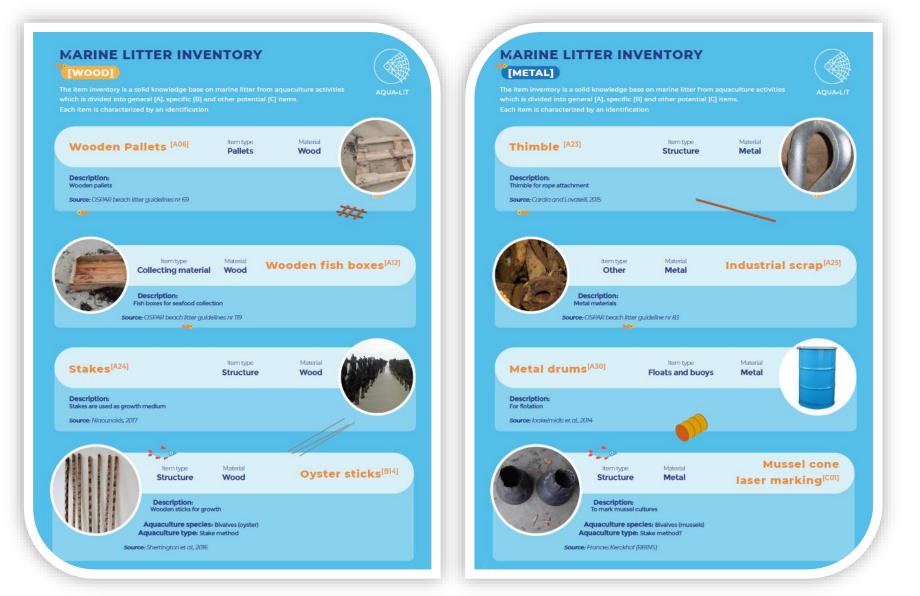
- Plastic: 8
- Metal: 6
- Concrete: 1





# Different materials

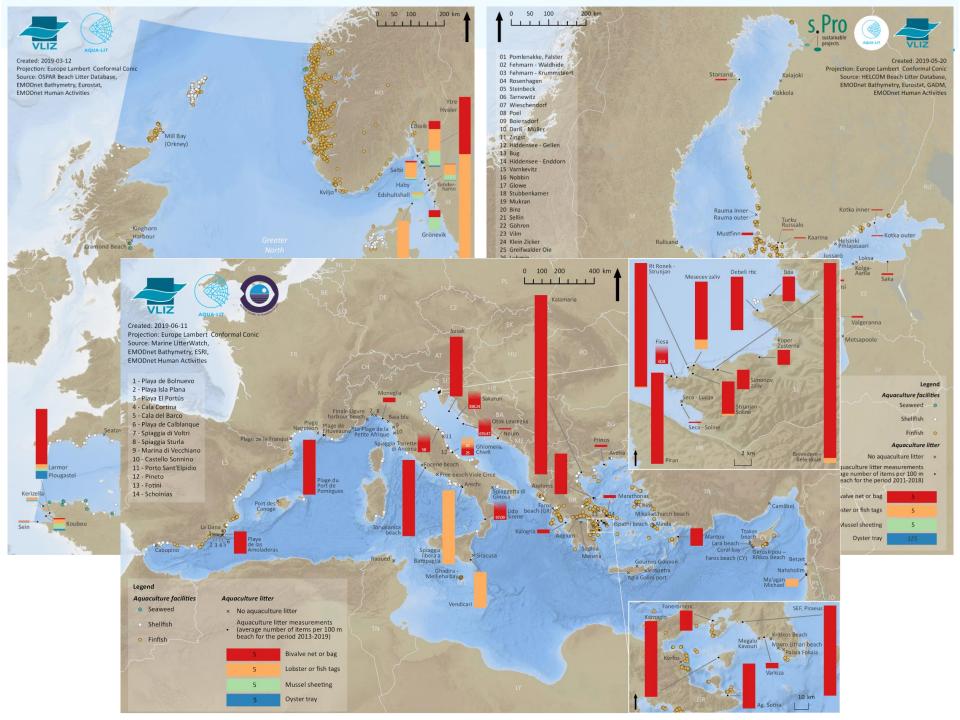
Wood, metal, concrete, textile, etc.





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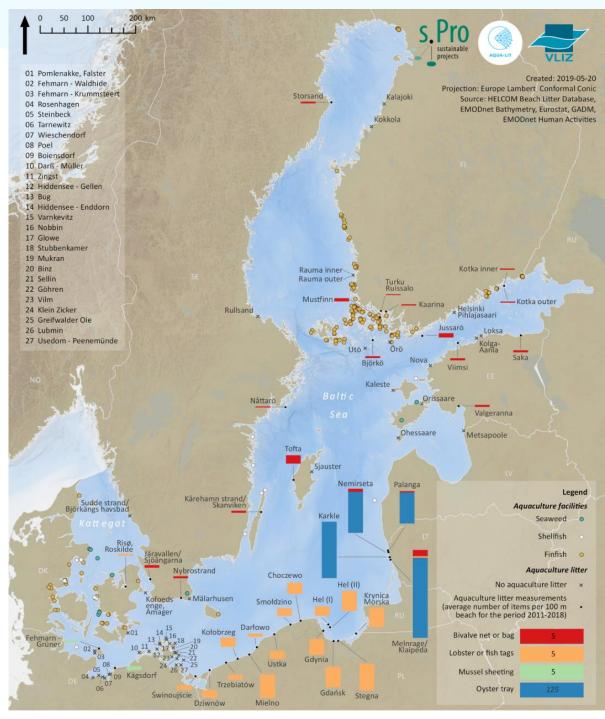
## Baltic Sea

#### **Aquaculture facilities**

- Data lacking
  - **Finfish**: Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Russia and <u>Sweden</u>
  - **Shellfish**: Finland, Germany, Lithuania, Poland and Russia
  - Seaweed: all but Denmark and Estonia

#### Aquaculture related litter

- Data lacking
  - Latvia and Russia
- Different classification methods
  - Estonia, Finland, Germany and Sweden only 'Bivalve nets or bags' (red)
- Number of performed surveys is high, but distribution is low
- Aquaculture activities are lower in Baltic Sea than in North and Mediterranean Sea
  - Environmental conditions (Low salinity, eutrophication, etc.)



#### Percentage of litter originating from aquaculture and/or fisheries

- Only absolute values available
- 0, 5]
- |5, 10]
- 9]10, 15]
- > 15

#### Litter source

- Aquaculture/fisheries
- □ Aquaculture

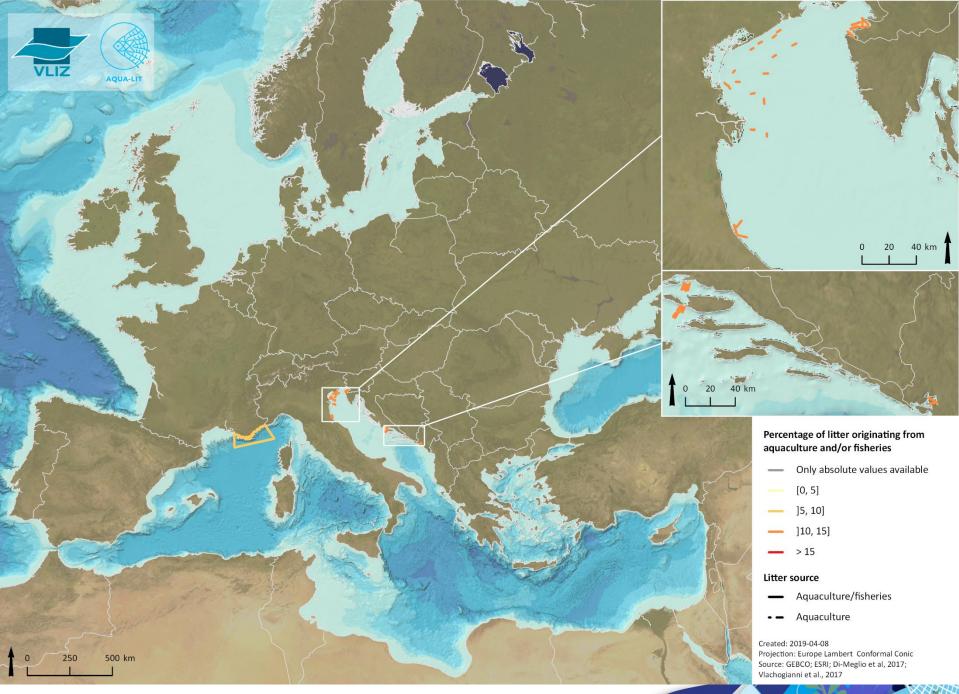
Created: 2019-05-23 Projection: Europe Lambert Conformal Conic Source: GEBCO; ESN; OSPAR; HELCOM; Marine LitterWatch; Addamo et al., 2017; De Vrees, 2011; Merlino et al., 2018; Munari et al., 2015; Poeta et al., 2016; Prevenios et al., 2018; Riccato et al., 2016; Vlachogianni et al., 2017; Vlachogianni, 2019

#### Beach litter → 12.33%

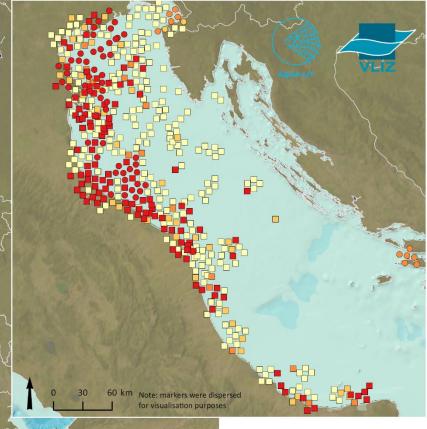
100 km

0

50



#### Floating litter → 11.25%



### Percentage of litter originating from aquaculture and/or fisheries

- Only absolute values available
- 0 [0, 5]
- ]5, 10]
- ]10, 15]
- > 15

#### Litter source

- Aquaculture/fisheries
- Aquaculture

#### Created: 2019-04-10

Projection: Europe Lambert Conformal Conic Source: GEBCO; ESR); Cau et al., 2017; Fortibuoni et al., 2019; Ioakeimidis et al., 2014; Melli et al., 2017; Riccato et al., 2016; Strafella et al., 2015; Vlachogianni et al., 2017

### 250 500 km

0

#### Seafloor litter → 14.75%



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## Available policy tools and measures



## Examples



reduction

#### **CleanSea – Summary of Marine Litter Policy Options**

Use of alternative materials in aquaculture (e.g. cotton mussel socks).

#### **OSPAR Commission – Marine Litter Regional Action Plan**

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Monitoring & quantification

Identify the options to address key waste items from the fishing industry and aquaculture, which could contribute to marine litter, including deposit schemes, voluntary agreements and extended producer responsibility.



recycling

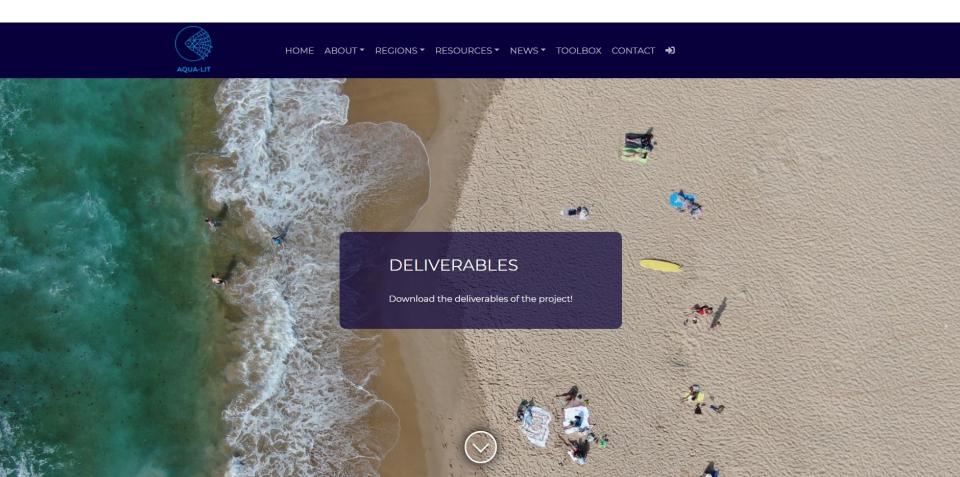
#### **European Commission – DG Environment**

Remove financial disincentives to bringing waste ashore including marine litter found at sea (litter retention). Port reception facilities play an important role and can be complemented with national recycling and disposal systems for items that require special processing such as nets and gear made from composite materials.



## Deliverables available at www.aqua-lit.eu

### D2.2 Knowledge Wave on Marine Litter from Aquaculture Sources D2.3 Available Tools and Measures





# THANK YOU!





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